TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US) CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371

Recd PCT/Poto 108 APR 1998

15. APPLICATION NO. (If known, see 9 CF

INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. 9 October 1995 9 October 1996 PCT/FR96/01573 TITLE OF INVENTION NEEDLELESS JET INJECTION DEVICE COMPRISING A MOULDED-ON CARTRIDGE APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US MOREAU DEFARGES, Alain and MOREAU DEFARGES, Xavier Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information: This is a FIRST submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371 This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUENT submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. § 371. This express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1). A proper Demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19th month from the earliest claimed priority A copy of the International Application as published (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)) is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau). has been transmitted by the International Bureau. is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US). A translation of the International Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)). ☐ Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)) \square are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau). ☐ have been transmitted by the International Bureau. have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired. ☐ have not been made and will not be made. ☐ A translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3). 8. ☐ An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)). 9. A translation of the Annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 10. (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)). Items 11. to 16. below concern other document(s) or information included: An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. 11. An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included. 12. A FIRST preliminary amendment. 13. \mathbf{X} A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment. An amended specification incorporating amended pages 2-2b and 12-14. 14. \mathbf{X} ☐ A change of power of attorney and/or address letter 15. 16. Other items or information: A copy of the PCT Request A copy of the International Preliminary Examination Report A copy of PCT/IB/308 A copy of PCT/IB/301 A copy of PCT/IB/304

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TOTAL NATIONAL FEE =			\$1,060.00		
Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 CFR 1.21(h)). The assignment must be accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR 3.28, 3.31). \$40.00 per property +				\$0.00	
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				Amount to be: refunded	\$
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 a. A check in the amount of \$1,060.00 to cover the above fees is enclosed. b. Please charge my Deposit Account No. 22-0185 in the amount of \$ to cover the above fees. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed. 					
c. The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 22-0185. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.					
NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137(a) or (b) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO:					
Pollock, Vande Sande & Priddy, R.L.L.P. 1990 M Street, N.W. Suite 800					
Washington, DC	20036-3425	NAI 24.	orris Liss ME ,510 GISTRATION NUMBER		

77 Rec'd PCT/PTO 08APR 1998 09/051290

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of:

Alain Moreau Defarges et al.

Serial No. To be assigned

Art Unit: To be assigned

Filed: Herewith

Examiner: To be assigned

For: NEEDLELESS JET

INJECTION DEVICE COMPRISING A

MOULDED-ON CARTRIDGE

Atty Docket: 1029/168

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Prior to examination of the above-identified national phase application, please enter the following amendments to the amended specification submitted for examination herewith:

IN THE ABSTRACT

Please add the Abstract of the Disclosure attached hereto on a separate sheet.

IN THE CLAIMS

Kindly amend claims (from amended sheets 12-14) 5, 7, 9, and 12 as follows:

5. (Amended) Injection cartridge according to [any one of the preceding claims, characterized in that it includes] <u>claim 1</u>, <u>further including</u>, at one of its ends, means (51) permitting the engagement and fixing of the said cartridge on the nose of the injection device.

- 7. (Amended) Injection cartridge according to [any one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the] <u>claim 1</u>, <u>further comprising an</u> end (54) of the cartridge (28) <u>that</u> is covered by a cap (55) provided at its [centre] <u>center</u> with an elastomeric seal (56), in particular of silicone.
- 9. (Amended) Injection cartridge according to [one of the Claims 7 and 8, characterized in that the] <u>claim 7</u>, <u>wherein an</u> upper wall (60) of the cap (55) forms a grip zone which allows the user to position the studs (52) of the cartridge (28) in line with the bayonets of the injection device.
- 12. (Amended) Injection cartridge according to [any one of the preceding claims, characterized in that it includes] <u>claim 1</u>, <u>further including</u> a plurality of plastic material gaps, formed in the thickness of the plastic overmould of the cartridge (28), in order to produce slots (63) for improving the visibility of the first element (49).

REMARKS

Claims 1-12 remain in the application. By the foregoing amendment, claims 5, 7, 9, and 12 have been amended to remove multiple dependencies and improper multiple dependencies and to improve the English wording thereof.

In addition, an Abstract has been provided to bring the application into full compliance with 37 CFR § 1.72(b).

These changes are not believed to introduce new matter, and entry of this amendment is respectfully requested.

DEPOSIT ACCOUNT AUTHORIZATION

It is not believed that extensions of time or fees for net addition of claims are required, beyond those which may otherwise be provided for in documents accompanying this paper. However, in the event that additional extensions of time are necessary, then such extensions of time are hereby petitioned under 37 CFR § 1.136(a), and any fees required for consideration of this paper, including fees for

net addition of claims, are hereby authorized to be charged to our Deposit Account No. 22-0185.

Respectfully submitted,

Morris Liss, Reg. No. 24,510

Pollock, Vande Sande & Priddy, R.L.L.P.

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Date: 4/8/98

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A needleless jet injection device including a barrel fitted with a cap at one of the ends thereof. Relative motion of the cap component actuates a setting device operably connected to a precussive member. A cartridge arranged at the other end of 5the barrel comprises two elements, i.e., a first element forming a container for the active principle, and a second element consisting of a plastic shell enclosing the first element.



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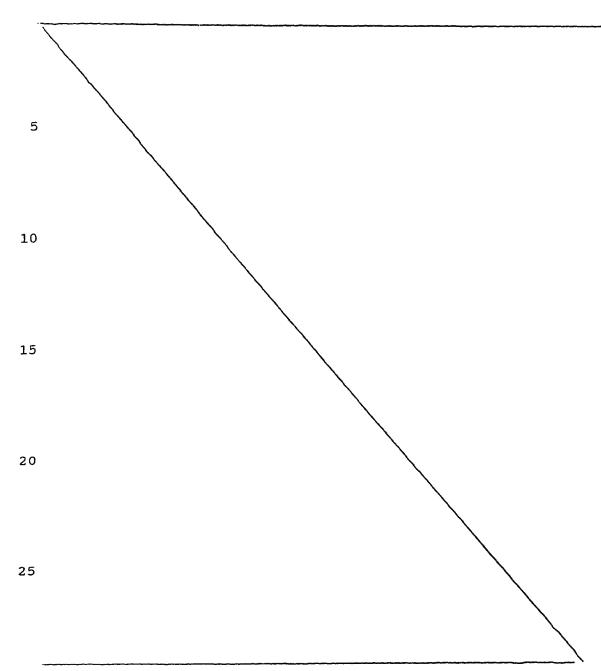
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Device for injection by jet without \$200,51290 including an overmoulded cartridge

The present invention relates to a device permitting the injection of a product, in particular a pharmaceutical product, into the human or animal body.

It concerns more particularly an apparatus without hypodermic needle, equipped with an arming system, which permits the subcutaneous, intradermal or intramuscular administration of medical substances or vaccines, contained in a single dose, and forming a cartridge.

Apparatuses for injection by transcutaneous jet without needle are known which have been developed for veterinary or human medicine. The absence of a needle simplifies the use of the apparatus and does not require specific knowledge on the part of the user. They are generally used for mass vaccination campaigns and are designed to be used quickly by nonspecialist personnel. The use of a jet avoids to the greatest extent bacterial and/or viral contamination of subject by another, which happens in those cases where the same needle is used by several subjects without apparatuses are generally being sterilized. These designed in a pistol shape, equipped with a receptacle for the product which is to be injected, driven through a nozzle, by the action of a plunger displaced within a chamber, filled beforehand with the substance, being moved by a striker. Alternatively plunger



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pistol includes a breech or a magazine containing a cartridge, also placed in the axis of the striker.

Thus, the document WO 95/03844 discloses a device for injection by jet without needle, which is provided with an arming device activated by the rotation of a cap situated at one of the ends of the body of the said device.

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The document WO 95/27523 describes a device for injection by jet without needle, provided at one of its ends with a cartridge formed in one piece.

The document WO 96/15821 describes a cartridge including a capsule on which a sleeve tube is fitted by force and induces stresses on the capsule.

Finally, the document EP 427 457 describes a device for injection by jet without needle, provided with a cartridge which cooperates at one of the ends of the device, by way of a component forming a breech.

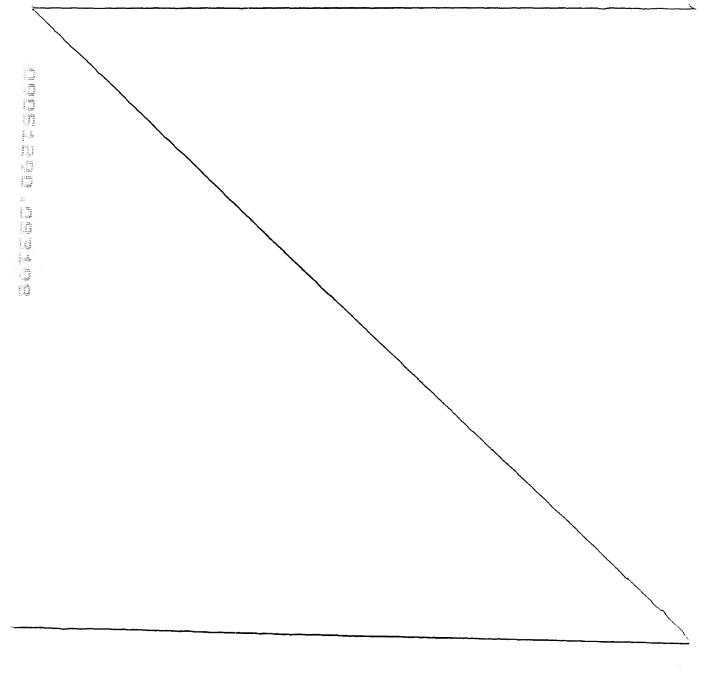
Given the mode of action of the striker, which has a substantial kinetic energy before reaching the plunger of the cartridge, which can, in cases where the cartridge is not correctly arranged in the magazine of the pistol, cause it to burst at the start of the injection, these apparatuses are not reliable and are not easy to use if their use is infrequent.

The present invention is therefore aimed at overcoming these disadvantages by making available a device which is without magazine for a cartridge and which permits the injection by jet, without needle, of the product contained in a cartridge placed directly at the head of the said device, under strictly aseptic conditions, for a single use.

For this purpose, the cartridge for injection of a product, in particular a pharmaceutical product, by jet without needle, for single use, and intended to be fixed at a first end of the body of an injection device, the second end of the body receiving a cap which is able, by virtue of a relative movement of the body, to drive an arming device, cooperating with a percussion member intended to cooperate with the cartridge, is characterized in that it includes two elements:

35 - the first element made of glass forms the receptacle intended to contain the said product; - the second element consists of an envelope of plastic material which is overmoulded on the said first element.

Other characteristics and advantages of the present invention will be evident from the description which follows, with reference being made to the attached drawings which show an illustrative embodiment of the invention, without this embodiment in any way being of a limiting character. In the figures:



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- Figure 1 is a plan view, in front elevation and in section, of the device according to the invention, in the armed position;
- Figure 2 is a plan view, in front elevation and in section, of the device according to the invention, in the triggered position;
 - Figure 3 is a view, on a larger scale and in section, of a cartridge containing a dose of injectable product;
- Figure 4 is a view illustrating another method of fixing the cartridge on the device;
 - Figure 5 is a sectional view illustrating the movement of the striker on the elastomeric stopper contained in the cartridge;
- Figure 6 is a perspective view of the clamp system intended to hold the rod of the striker;
 - Figure 7 is a plan view, in front elevation and in section, of the device according to another embodiment of the invention, including a releasable connection member;
 - Figure 8 is a perspective view of the releasable connection member;
 - Figure 9 is a plan view, in front elevation and in section, of the device according to the invention:
 - Figure 10 is a plan view, in front elevation and in section, of a cartridge according to a second embodiment;
- Figure 11 is a plan view, in side elevation and in section, of a cartridge according to a second embodiment.

According to a preferred embodiment, the device which is the subject of the invention essentially comprises a body 1 extending in the form of a tube, in particular of straight cylindrical cross-section, intended to receive an arming device 2 connected to a cap 3, in particular knurled in order to improve its grip by the user, provided at one of the ends 4, 5 of the said body. The cap is made from a tube portion, of similar cross-section to that of the main body of the

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said device, the diameter of which, however, is greater in order to permit a relative rotational movement thereof about the body, and it cooperates by way of a catch device 6, in particular of the key type, with a ring 7, itself integral with a clamp 8. The said ring is engaged with play at the end of the body 1 and can turn freely in the latter, its axial position in the tube being determined by a radial abutment 9 on the wall of the tube and fitting in a circular groove 10 formed on the said ring 7 and positioned opposite the abutment 9. The rotational movement from the cap 3 is transmitted to the ring by way of the catch device 6. The said ring 7 is additionally provided with a central recess 11 for the passage of a striker 12, free in axial translation and leading inside the said clamp 8. This clamp constitutes one of the links of the arming device. Of overall cylindrical shape, it is equipped with a plurality of cutouts 13 oriented substantially parallel to the axis of the body in such a way as to form a plurality of flexible tabs 14. In addition, the inner bore 15 of the said clamp 8 is tapped in such a way as to form impressions which can be screwed around a threaded portion 16 provided on a rod 17 forming a striker. The thread pitch is determined as a function chosen demultiplication and the constant of a spring 18. The power of the striker can means adjusted by of pre-setting compression of the spring, it being possible for the space between the turns to be set by way of a knurled wheel 46 displaced on the rod 17 and in contact with 18 or by way of a stack of washers arranged between the spring 18 and a ring 25. The turns of the spring 18 are compressed by the relative rotational movement between

According to an advantageous characteristic of the invention, the cap 3 includes a safety device 47 which covers the rod of the striker 12. This safety device 47 is connected to the cap 3 by way of a hinge 48 which permits a rotational movement of the latter 47, between a locked position and an unlocked position

the cap 3 and the body 1.

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of the rod of the striker 12. The rotation of the safety device 47 also makes it possible to act on the catch member 6 between the cap 3 and the ring 7. This is because it is essential that the user can arm the percussion device only when the safety device 47 is covering the rod of the striker 12; this is why, when the safety device 47 is locked on the cap 3, it acts on the catch member 6 in such a way that the latter permits the transmission of the rotational movement between the cap 3 and the ring 7.

When the safety device 47 is unlocked, that is to say when it is no longer covering the rod of the striker 12, it no longer acts on the catch member 6 and the user cannot arm the percussion device.

There is therefore a rod 17, forming a plunger, arranged inside the said body 1, its length being chosen in such a way that its end 19, not connected to the said clamp 8, is flush with one of the front surfaces 4, 5 of the body 1 when the arming device 2 is operational.

The peripheral envelope 20 of the clamp is held by a spacer sleeve 21, also of a cross-section similar to that of the body, the external diameter of which corresponds to the internal diameter of the body in such a way as to form guide zones. Its axial position inside the body being limited, on the one hand, at one of its ends 23, 24, by a pin 22 passing radially right through the striker 12, and, on the other hand, its other front end constituting a bearing surface for a spring 43; the axial position of the spring and its other bearing surface being additionally limited, for example, by a ring 25 inserted in the body, integral with the said rod 17 and axially immobilized, if appropriate, by a clip ring 26, or by a shoulder formed on the rod.

In the arming position, the user imparts a relative rotational movement between the body 1 and the cap 3; as we have seen above, the rotational movement of the cap is transmitted both to the said ring 7 and to the clamp 8 integral with the latter; the several

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threads of the said clamp 8 in engagement with those of the rod make it possible to initiate the movement of translation between the rod 17 (forming the screw) and the clamp 8 (forming the nut) and the relative closing-together of these two components. This translation movement compresses the turns of the spring 18 until the space between the turns is reduced to the maximum. According to another embodiment, the spiral spring can be replaced by a helical spring or by any other elastic device.

In the disarm or trigger position, the user exerts a slight push on the striker 12, the pin 22, projecting radially and in contact with one of the front faces 23, 24 of the spacer sleeve, transmits a relative movement of translation between the spacer sleeve 21 and the clamp 8, which releases the end thereof from a conical bearing surface 27 provided at the bottom of the bore of the said spacer sleeve 21. The spring 18 combined with thrust of the the the tabs of the clamp frees flexibility of respective threads previously in engagement, thereby provoking an almost impulse movement of translation of the whole rod.

another embodiment of the to According invention, there is arranged, between the cap 3 and the arming member integral with the clamp 8 contained in the body 1, a connection member 38 which permits the rotational movement between these two relative components only in one direction of rotation. The reason is that, to avoid any damage to the apparatus and to simplify its handling by the user, a releasable connection member 38 is provided which is composed principally of two components 39, 40, in particular of circular cross-section. One of the components 39 integral with the cap 3, while the other 40 is connected to the clamp 8 and to the body 1 by way of a groove 44, and each of the components also has, at their contact face, a plurality of raised zones 41. These zones 41 have a profile which is able, on the one permit a relative sliding between the hand. to

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components 39 and 40 in one direction of rotation between the cap 3 and the body 1 and, on the other hand, to transmit the moment in the other direction of rotation of the cap 3 relative to the body 1.

The raised zones 41 are preferably formed from a plurality of teeth, in particular of triangular cross-section.

For the connection member 38 to function, however, it is best not to suppress completely the movements of the components 39 and 40 in relation to the cap 3 and to the clamp 8; thus, when the connection member is active (released), it is necessary for the components 39, 40 to escape longitudinally from one another and for these components to return to their engaged position after suppression of the moment; for this reason, an elastic member 41, in particular of the spring type, is arranged in line with the outer surface of one of the components 39 or 40, in the area of a guide portion 42, which compensates for the translation movements between the components.

According to another characteristic of the invention, a cartridge 28 is arranged at the other end 5 of the body 1 of the said device, by known means such as, in particular, being screwed on, clipped on (bushing, bayonet).

According to an advantageous characteristic of the invention, the cartridge 28 includes two elements 49, 50:

- the first element 49 forms the receptacle intended to contain the active principle, and it is obtained in particular from a type I medical-grade glass, since the receptacle is to contain injectable products;
- the second element 50 consists of an envelope of plastic material which covers the said first element 49.

The plastic material used in the overmoulding, that is to say covering, operation must be able to withstand a sterilization operation at high temperature (in the region of 120°C), must be approved for

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pharmaceutical applications, must be insensitive to the temperature deviations in terms of its expansion, given that the cartridges 28 are generally stored in an atmosphere where the temperature is between 2 and 10°C. Moreover, after overmoulding on the first element 49, the plastic material employed is translucent, even transparent, and can be tinted. The product called _TPX_ (polymethylpentene) will be chosen, for example, as the plastic material.

The first element 49 made of glass, and overall of substantially cylindrical shape, includes, at each end, an orifice 29, 30. One 30 of the orifices has a diameter substantially equivalent to the diameter of the rod 17, while the other 29, of small diameter, in particular of the order of a few tenths of a millimetre, serves as nozzle. The internal cavity of the said cartridge is filled under vacuum with an active principle 31 and is, if appropriate, covered with a film 32 of material compatible with the physicochemical properties of the said product, in order to limit to the maximum the phenomenon of adsorption.

The cartridge 28, thus formed by the overmoulding of a plastic material on a first element 49 made of glass, includes, at one of its ends, means 51 permitting the engagement and fixing of the said cartridge on the nose of the injection device.

The means 51 permitting the engagement and fixing are advantageously formed during the over-moulding operation by way of a plurality of studs 52 which project radially and are arranged along the diameter of the said cartridge 28, these studs cooperating with the bayonets provided at the end 53 of the injection device.

The other end 54 of the said cartridge 28 is designed as a plane surface intended to be applied against the surface of the skin of the user.

The outlet orifice 31 formed on this end 54 must be protected from possible contamination by the surrounding environment, and for this purpose there is

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a cap 55 which is provided at its centre with an elastomeric seal 56, in particular of silicone.

According to another embodiment, a film covering the surface of the cartridge 28 is arranged on the end 54.

This cap 55 is obtained by a process of moulding of plastic material, if appropriate, similar to that forming the cartridge.

The cap 55 advantageously has lateral walls 57 which enclose the end of the said cartridge 28, the said walls 57 being provided, at their ends, with raised zones 58 allowing them to be clipped into impressions 59 provided on the outer lateral walls of the said cartridge 28, thus ensuring that the cap 55 is held on the cartridge.

The upper wall 60 of the cap 55 forms a grip zone which allows the user to position the studs 52 of the cartridge 28 in line with the bayonets of the injection device and, by a simple movement of rotation, to block the studs 52 in the bayonets and, after blocking the studs 52, when the user continues to impart this rotational movement to the cap 55 and thus to the cartridge 28 which is integral with it, to detach the lateral walls 57 of the cap 55 from the impressions 59 in the cartridge 28, in such a way as to make the injection device ready for use.

According to a first alternative, the elastomeric seal 56 is obtained during a simultaenous operation of moulding of the cap 55.

According to a second alternative, the elastomeric seal 56 is attached and fitted by force into an orifice 61 provided on the internal wall 62 of the cap 55.

According to another advantageous characteristic of the invention, it is intended to form a plurality of plastic material gaps in the thickness of the plastic overmould of the cartridge 28, in order to produce slots 63 for improving the visibility of the first element 49 made of glass. The cartridge 28 thus obtained is for single use and is therefore disposable.

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After filling, the orifice 30 of the cartridge is closed off by a protective cover 33 in order to guarantee satisfactory aseptic conditions. It is also intended to interpose, between the dose of product contained in the cavity of the cartridge and the protective sealing cover, an elastomeric stopper 34 for enclosing the dose, this stopper 34 being intended to communicate to the liquid the pressure exerted by the plunger of a striker.

According to an advantageous characteristic of the invention, the plunger of the striker is driven a few millimetres into the body of the cartridge so that the percussion force is directed and centred in the axis of the elastomeric stopper 34, in order to prevent any risk of bursting of the first glass element forming the cartridge 28.

According to another embodiment of the cartridge 28, the latter is empty and is filled by the user just before use.

The outer envelope of the said cartridge moreover has, on the one hand, means of fixing 35, 35' to the said body (screw pitch, spike, etc.) and, on the other hand, raised zones 36 allowing it to be gripped by the user. The front face corresponding to the nozzle comprises, if appropriate, a basin 37 whose depth is variable but guarantees that the jet issuing from the orifice of the nozzle has the time needed to establish its hydrodynamics prior to the subcutaneous, intradermal or intramuscular injection.

The invention, as it has been described above, is very easy to use: there is no more sterilization, nor washing of the apparatus, while at the same time increased safety for the user is guaranteed because of the absence of a needle and the impossibility of reusing it without first having reloaded the apparatus with a new dose, the method of fixing the cartridge avoiding all the risks of the latter bursting because of the absence of a breech. This invention is advantageously adapted for use by a single user having no specific knowledge in the field of subcutaneous,

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intramuscular injections, intradermal or: reduces, on the one hand, the risks of accidents, which are always possible with an injection means having a needle, and, on the other hand, it eliminates the fear of stick injuries and any risk of contamination. The patient's allows the device also this chronobiology to be taken into consideration. invention will have advantageous developments in the injection of a dose of small volume, in particular of 0.05 to 0.2 ml. It is of special interest for the administration of medicaments or vaccines to man or animals. Among other products which may be mentioned are polypeptides or peptides, such as enzymes particularly calcitonin, used for the prevention of treatment the substance and bone of osteoporosis, or else medicaments against migraine. Other products, in particular polypeptides or peptides, which may be administered using the device forming the subject of the invention, include hormones, such as insulin, somatostatin, the growth hormone, clotting factors, for example antihaemophilic factors, plasma antiviral erythropoietin, such as components, polypeptides, such as interferons, or immunomodulators, such as lymphokines. This device is also especially of administration for the appropriate preparations.

Of course, the present invention is not limited to the illustrative embodiments which have been described and represented above, but can encompass all variants thereof. Thus, the cartridges can be presented before the rod of the striker with the aid of a barrel or a charger, and they can also comprise the dose of the product to be injected.

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CLAIMS

- 1. Cartridge (28) for injection of a product, in particular a pharmaceutical product, by jet without needle, for single use, and intended to be fixed at a first end (5) of the body (1) of an injection device, the second end (4) of the body (1) receiving a cap (3) which is able, by virtue of a relative movement of the body (1), to drive an arming device (2), cooperating with a percussion member (17) intended to cooperate with the cartridge (28), is characterized in that it includes two elements (49, 50):
 - the first element (49) made of glass forms the receptacle intended to contain the said product;
 - the second element (50) consists of an envelope of plastic material which is overmoulded on the said first element (49).
 - 2. Injection cartridge according to Claim 1, characterized in that the first element (49) is obtained using a type I medical-grade glass.
 - 3. Injection cartridge according to Claim 1, characterized in that the second element (50) is made of a plastic material which possesses the following characteristics:
 - withstands a sterilization operation at high temperature,
 - is approved for pharmaceutical applications,
 - is insensitive to the temperature deviations,
 - is translucent, even transparent, and, if appropriate, tinted.
 - 4. Injection cartridge according to Claim 1, characterized in that the first element (49), overall of substantially cylindrical shape, includes, at each end, an orifice (29, 30), one (30) of the orifices having a diameter substantially equivalent to the diameter of a rod (17) of the percussion member, while the other (29), of small diameter, in particular of the

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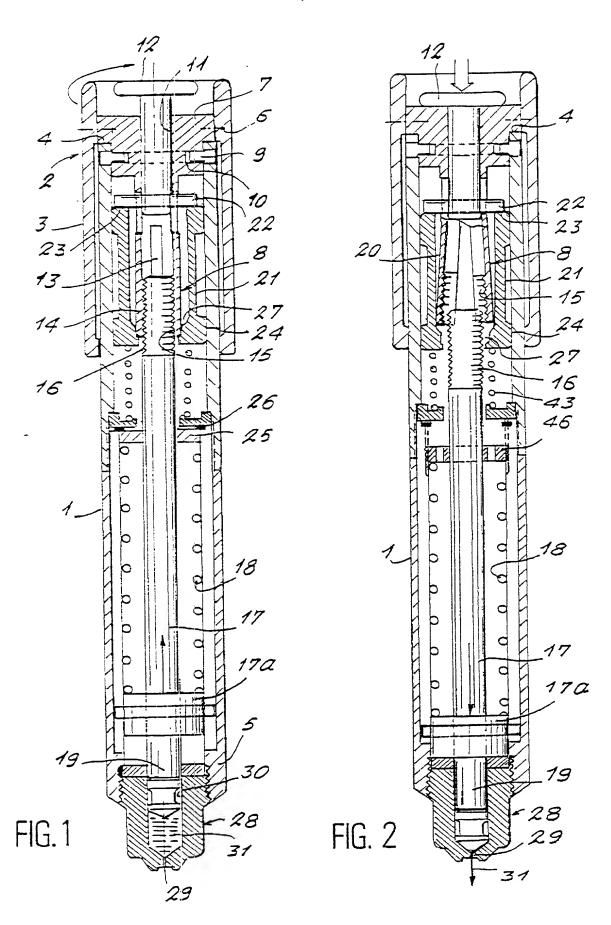
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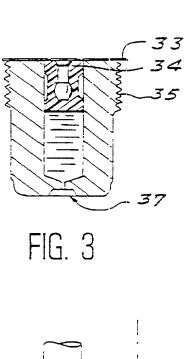
order of a few tenths of a millimetre, serves as nozzle.

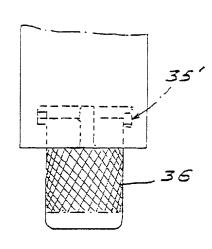
- 5. Injection cartridge according to any one of the preceding claims, characterized in that it includes, at one of its ends, means (51) permitting the engagement and fixing of the said cartridge on the nose of the injection device.
- 6. Injection cartridge according to Claim 5, characterized in that the means (51) permitting the engagement and fixing are formed during the covering, overmoulding operation by way of a plurality of studs (52) which project radially and are arranged along the diameter of the said cartridge (28), these studs cooperating with the bayonets provided at the end (53) of the injection device.
 - 7. Injection cartridge according to any one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the end (54) of the cartridge (28) is covered by a cap (55) provided at its centre with an elastomeric seal (56), in particular of silicone.
- 8. Injection cartridge according to Claim 7, characterized in that the cap (55) has lateral walls (57) which enclose the end of the said cartridge (28), the said walls (57) being provided, at their ends, with raised zones (58) allowing them to be clipped into impressions (59) provided on the outer lateral walls of the said cartridge (28), thus ensuring that the cap (55) is held on the cartridge.
- 9. Injection cartridge according to one of Claims
 30 7 and 8, characterized in that the upper wall (60) of
 the cap (55) forms a grip zone which allows the user to
 position the studs (52) of the cartridge (28) in line
 with the bayonets of the injection device.
- 10. Injection cartridge according to Claim 7, characterized in that the elastomeric seal (56) is obtained during a simultaneous operation of moulding of the cap (55).
 - 11. Injection cartridge according to Claim 7, characterized in that the elastomeric seal (56) is

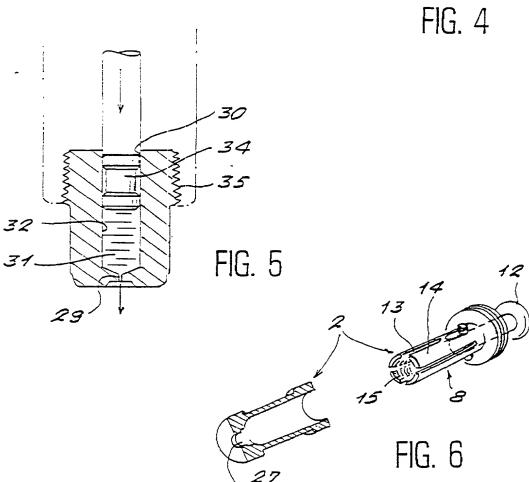
attached and fitted by force into an orifice (61) provided on the internal wall (62) of the cap (55).

12. Injection cartridge according to any one of the preceding claims, characterized in that it includes a plurality of plastic material gaps, formed in the thickness of the plastic overmould of the cartridge (28), in order to produce slots (63) for improving the visibility of the first element (49).









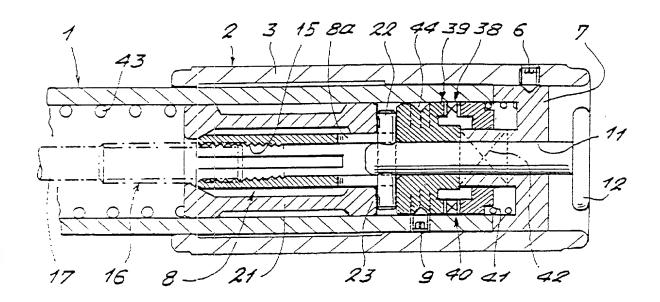
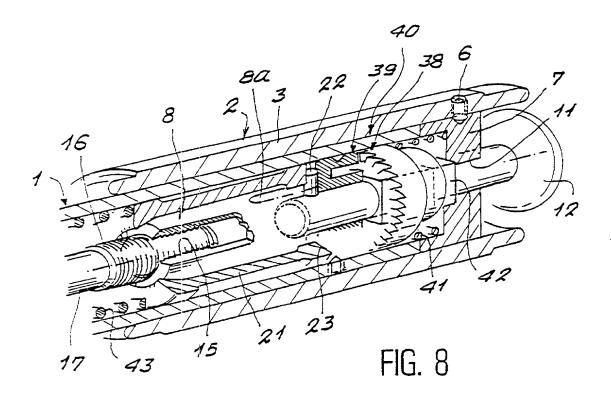
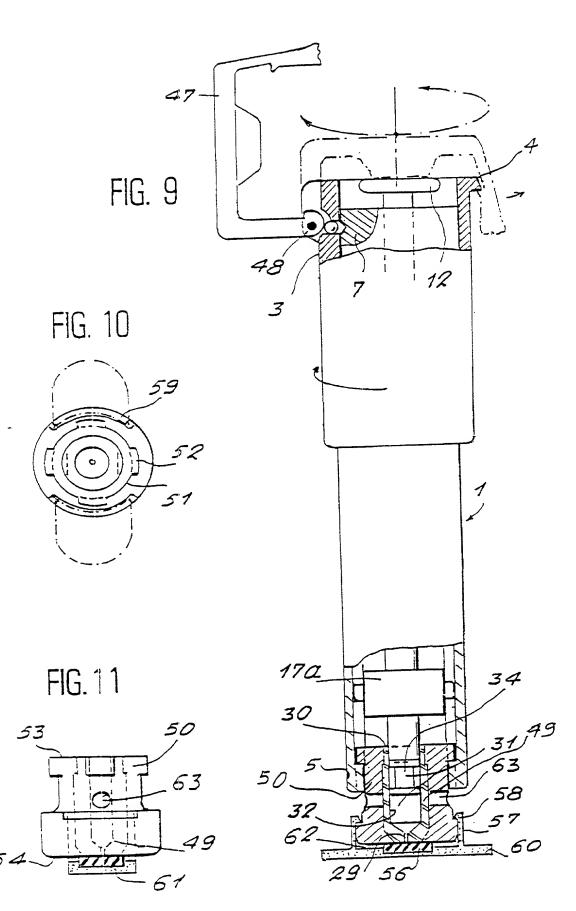


FIG. 7





SAZAE

• DECLAI	RATION FOR PA	TENT ADDITO	TION	
As a below-named inventor, I		IENI AFFLICA		
		as stated below post to m	ov name	
I believe I am the original, below) of the subject matter v device comprising	which is claimed and for what a moulded-on ca	nly one name is listed belo tich a patent is sought on	w) or an original, first and joint inventor (if paths invention entitled: Needleless j	olural names are listed et injection
the specification of which: (ci	heck one)			
is attached hereto.	[¾ was filed on Number PCT/FR96/0	as United State 1573, and was amen	s Patent Application Serial No. or PCT Inte	ernational Application
I hereby state that I have amendment referred to above		the contents of the above	identified specification, including the claim	s, as amended by any
Prior Foreign Application	(s): I hereby claim foreign e listed below, or § 365(a) ted below and have also ide	priority benefits under 3 of any PCT international entified below any foreign	ability of this application in accordance with 5 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or §365(b) of any for application which designated at least one capplication for patent or inventor's certification.	eign application(s) for ountry other than the
95 11872		FRANCE	9 October 1995	Priority Claimed
(Application No.)	-	(Country)	(Day/Month/Year Filed)	XIII Yes No
(Application No.)		(Country)	(Day/Month/Year Filed)	[][] Yes No
(Application No.)		(Country)	(Day/Month/Year Filed)	[][] Yes No
(Application No.) I hereby claim the benefit	under Title 35, United Sta	ites Code § 119(e) of any	United States provisional application(s) liste	ed below:
	Application No.		Filing Date	
Superior Control			*	
elaims of this application is acknowledge the duty to discl- and the national or PCT inter	not disclosed in the prior ose material information as rnational filing date of this	United States application defined in 37 CFR § 1.56 application:	on(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject in the manner provided by 35 U.S.C. § 16(a) which occurred between the filing date of	112, first paragraph, I of the prior application
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(U.S. Application		(U.S. Filing Date)	(Statuspatented, pendi	,
Burton A. Amernick, Registr Belser, Jr., Registration No. 2 No. 27 369: Louis Woo, Regis	ation No. <u>24,852;</u> Stanley I <u>2,956;</u> Morris Liss, Registration No. <u>31,730;</u> Elzbiet 39,413, my attorneys with	3. Green, Registration No ation No. <u>24,510;</u> Martin a a Chlopecka, Registration of full power of substitutio	Registration No. 17,276; Robert R. Priddy, R. 24,351; Richard Wiener, Registration No. Abramson, Registration No. 25,787; George No. 32,767; Eric J. Franklin, Registration No. and revocation, to prosecute this application.	R. Pettit, Registration Io. 37,134; and Robert
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	Morris Liss (202) 331-7111		Pollock, Vande Sande & Priddy, R.I P.O. Box 19088	"L.P.
	(202) 331-7111		Washington, D.C. 20036-3425 U	.S.A.
to be true; and further that t	hese statements are made v	vith the knowledge that w	and that all statements made on information rillful false statements and the like so made ments may jeopardize the validity of the appropriate the statements may be appropriate the statements made on information and that all statements made on information and the statements made on information and the statements made on information and the statements and the statements are statements.	are punishable by fine
Full name of sole or first inve	entor: Mr MOREAU I	E ARGES Alain		
Inventor's Signature			Date	
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[] See next page for additional inventors

DECLARATION FOR PATENT APPLICATION

Page Two

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Inventor's Signature	
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€itizenship .	
Post Office Address	
Full name of fourth joint inventor (if any):	Data
Înventor's Signature	Date
Residence Address	
Citizenship	
Post Office Address	
	-
Full name of fifth joint inventor (if any):	Data
Inventor's Signature	
Residence Address	
Citizenship	
Post Office Address	
Full name of sixth joint inventor (if any):	
Inventor's Signature	Date
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Inventor's Signature	Date
Residence Address	
Citizenship	
Post Office Address	
Full name of eighth joint inventor (if any):	
Inventor's Signature	Date
Residence Address	
Citizenship	
Post Office Address	

Applicant or Patentee: Alain M.	oreau Defarges	Attorney's
	. 2.3()	Docket No.: 1029/168
Filed or Issued: April 1998 For: Needleless jet injection of	device comprising a moulded	l-on cartridge.
incorrection for infection of	revice compribing a modraca	. Of Carefulagov
	TEMENI (DECLARATION) CLAIMI R 1.9(f) and 1.27(b)) - IND	
in 37 CFR 1.9(c) for purposes o	f paying reduced fees under	y as an independent inventor as defined r section 41(a) and (b) of Title 35, th regard to the invention entitled
described in:		
[] the specification file	d herewith	
[] application serial no.		, filed
[] patent no.		, filed, issued
law to assign, grant, convey or be classified as an independent	: license, any rights in the : inventor under 37 CFR 1.9(nich would not qualify as a	under no obligation under contract or e invention to any person who could not (c) if that person had made the small business concern under 37 CFR
Each person, concern or organiz or am under an obligation under in the invention is listed belo	contract to law to assign,	gned, granted conveyed, or licensed, grant, convey, or license any rights
[] no such person, concernation [] persons, concerns, or		y* —
organization having rights (37 CFR 1.27)	to the invention averring t	m each named person, concern or to their status as small entities.
ADDRESS [] INDIVIDUAL []	SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN	[] NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION
FULL NAME		
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statements made on information statements were made with the I punishable by fine or imprison	and belief are believed to knowledge that willful fals ment, or both, under section lse statements may jeopardi	on knowledge are true and that all to be true; and further that these se statements and the like so made are on 1001 of Title 18 of the United States ize the validity of the application, any fied statement is directed.
MOREAU DEFARGES Alain	MOREAU DEFARGES Xa	avier
NAME OF INVENIOR	NAME OF INVENTOR	NAME OF INVENTOR
Signature of Inventor	Signature of Inven	fitor Signature of Invento
Date	Date	Date